## **NEWS GATHERED** FROM SOUTHSIDE

Captain Lipscomb Fears His Son May Have Died in Bluefield, W. Va.

CHURCH SERVICES TO-DAY

Wanted to Shoot Him-Contracts for Building Five Houses Awarded.'

Manchester Bureau, Times-Dispatch, No. 1102 Hull Street.

Chief of Police Lipscomb was very nuch worried last night over the receipt of a telegram from Bluefield, W. Va,, unnouncing the death of a B. P. Lipssomb in that city, and asking what disposition should be made of the remains The telegram was signed A. H. Land, secretary of the Elks' Lodge.

The chief fears that it may be his son J. M. Lipscomb, who, when last heard from, was working in Garysburg, N. from, was working in Garysburg, N. C.
The young man is of a roving disposition,
and it is thought that he may have gone
to West Virginia in quest of work.

He could not be located in Garysburg
by telephone, and the chief at a late
hour last night was awaiting a reply
from Bluefield, where he had also telephoned for news of his son. Mr. Lipscomb fears that there may be some confusion of initials.

Wanted to Shoot Him.

Wanted to Shoot Him. Charlie Scott and John Bell, both col-ored, were arrested last night on a charge of fighting, and were lodged in

charge of igning, and were loaged in the station-house.

Scott went after a shotgun, wherewith to shoot Bell, but he was fortunately stopped in time by Officer Moore. Scott said he didn't mean any harm, but the police thought differently, and decided it was best to put him under lock and key.

Boys, Accused of Theft, Run. Two boys took a pair of gold-rimmed eye-glasses to Mr. Oppleman's store last night and offered to sell them for ten cents. Mr. Oppleman accused them of stealing the glasses, and the boy who had possession of them dropped them and ran. They were not apprehended, but the police are on the lookout for

The glasses, contained in a leather case, are now in the hands of the police at the station-house, where they may be identified and recovered.

Smith is Held for Trial. Smith is Held for Trial.

When the case of Arthur Smith, a white man, charged with deserting his wife and infant child, was called in the Mayor's Court yesterday, Attorneys J. T. Blake and E. T. Ryan, counsel for Smith, argued that the whole proceeding was illegal, and moved that the case be dismissed. They contended that the Mayor had no urskletion of the offense, Mayor Maurice, however, held to his view of the case, but deferred the case until next Tucsday in order that Commonwealth's Attorney Gregory may be present.

Services To-day.

Rev. R. M. Chandler, paster, will conduct the services at Central Methodist Episcopal Church. The theme of the morning sermon will be "Self-Examination." At night he will exchange pulpits with Rev. A. B. Sharpe, paster of Fifth Street Church.

Rev. Mr. Clandler has been grade a vacation by his church and will leave

Fifth Street Church.

Rev. Mr. Clendler has been granted a vacation by his church and will leave the city on Monday for Norfolk and Ocean View. His pulpit will be supplied on the fifth Sunday in July by Rev. J. S. Hunter, of Ashland, and on the first Sunday in August by Rev. Reginald Walker, of Richmond.

Rev. E. E. Hudom, pastor, will preach at both services at Ashlary Church today. His subject for the morning sermon will he "Where Art Thou?" At night he will preach on "Heaven, and How to Get There."

At the First Presbyterian Church John J. Fix, pastor, will preach.

Rev. B. Lacy Hoge, of Jackson, Ga., will preach at both services to-day at Bainbridge Street Church.

The Joseph E. Johnston Camp of United Confederate Veterans, will attend divine services at Stockton Street Baptist Church. Rev. Dr. Cridlin will preach.

Rev. J. B. Cooke, of Amherst, will

preach, Rev. J. B. Cooke, of Amherst, with

Rev. J. B. Cooke, of Ammerst, win preach at both services to-morrow in Clopton Street Church.

Rev. J. T. Routter will preach at both services to-day in West End Church.

Next week he will leave for Lateoniaure county, where he will assist at a meet-

Personals and Briefs

Mr. George S. Prichard and son, Hin-

## A Living Monument.

those who have been cured of heart disease by Dr. Miles' Heart Cure, and who would to-day be in their graves had not Dr. Miles' been successful in perfecting this wonderful heart specific, they would populate a large city.

What a remarkable recorda breathing, thinking, moving monument, composed of human lives,—that for which every other earthly possession is sacrificed.

The Miles Medical Co. receive thousands of letters from these people like the following: these people like the following:

"I feel indebted to the Dr. Miles!
Heart Cure for my life. I desire to call
the attention of others suffering as I
did to this remarkable remedy for the
heart. For a long time I had suffered
from shortness of breath after any
little exertion, paintration of the heart,
and at times terrible pain in the region
of the heart, so serious that I feared
that I would some time drop dead upon
the street. One day I read one of your
circulars, and immediately went to
my druggist and purchased two botties of the Heart Cure, and took it
according to directions, with the
result that I am entirely cured. Since
then I never miss an opportunity to
recommend this remedy to my friends
who have heart trouble; in fact I am
a traveling advortisment, for I am
widely known in this locality."

Manager of Lebanon Democrat,
Nashville, Tenn.

Dr. Miles! Heart Cure is sold by
word druggist then will quagarates that

Nashville, 'Jenn.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold by your drugglet, who will guarantee that he first bottle will benefit. If it falls as will refund your money. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind



Miss Adelaide Shorter and sister, of Crowe, Va., are on a visit to their uncle. Captain J. O. Goode, of East Tenth Street, the guests of Miss Ellise Goode.

A letter has been received from Rev. Dr. E. W. Baldy, pastor of Bainbridge Street Bapilist Church, telling of his safe arrival in London and of his observations on board ship.

Mr. and Mrs. D. P. Walke and their daughter, Mrs. W. J. Carter, are at Ocean View.

W. J. Carter has returned from a delightful trip to Philadelphia and New York.

visit to her mother, in Prince Edward county.

The Olympia Club Friday night decided to leave for Pine Beach on Tuesday and to keep up the camp only ten days.

The Powhatan Land Company has awarded to J. B. Harper and Son a contract for building five houses. Charles M. Melghan has the contract for plumbing and tinning.

The Young People's Pleasure Club held a very pleasant meeting Friday night in the home of Miss Ruth Huband, No. 523 West Eleventh Street.

The next meeting will be held Friday night at the home of Miss Josie McCarthy, No. 1105 Semmes Street.

### MR. SPENCER SHOT.

Burglar Wounds a Prominent Citizen of Henry County.

Governor Montague yesterday received the following telegram from the Commonwealth's attorney of Henry county:
"Negro burglar shot and dangerously
wounded John D. Spencer, in the home
of his brother, J. H. Spencer, here last

and was the first news concerning the shooting, which had been received here. No particulars were given, but it is conjectured that the negro was attempting to commit burglary in Mr. Spencer's home. The Spencers are prominent people in Martinsville and Henry county, and are curaged in the toleron business. engaged in the tobacco business.

Negro Held on Suspicion.

Negro Held on Suspicion.

A special to The Times-Dispatch from Martinsville, gives the following additional details of the burglary and shooting and arrest on suspicion:

Suspicion was directed lo-day to Mack Terry, a negro boy, employed in D. H. Spencer & Sons' factory, as the burglar who entered J. H. Spencer's house last night and wounded John D. Spencer. Sufficient evidence, however, could not be obtained to warrant his detention on that charge, but a search of his home revealed a number of stolen articles, and he is now held on the charge of larceny. Ha is still suspected by many, however, of being the man wanted for the burglary.

A reward of \$250 was authorized to-day by the Governor for the apprehension and conviction of the burglar.

## SPENCER'S CONDITION.

Cannot Speak, But Writes Out Statement for Times-Dispatch.

(Special to Times-Dispatch.)

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

DANVILLE, VA., July 22.—The condition of Mr. John D. Spencer, who was shot last night by a burglar at the home of his brother, Mr. J. H. Spencer, in Martinsville, is quite favorable to-night. A thirty-eight calibre pistol ball, which lodged in the roof of the threat of the thirty-eight calibre pistol ball, which lodged in the roof of the throat of the wounded man, was located this afternoon by physicians and will probably be probed to-night.

The victim of the assault is a promi The yietim of the assault is a prominent tobacconist, being the Danville manager and the vice-president of the D, H. Spencer's Sons Tobacco Company. Mr. Spencer has been in Martinsville for the past week attending to the business of his brother, Mr. J. H. Spencer, who, with his family, is spending some time at the springs.

# ton, of Greenville, N. C., are visiting Mr. Prichard's sister, Mrs. C. A. Raines, of Swansboro, Va. Miss Dora Foster, of Fernandina, Fla., is the guest of the Misses Cheatham. Miss Grace Betty returned yesterday from Stuart, Va., accompaned by the Misses Dunkley. Miss Adelaide Shorter and sister, of Crewe, Va., are on a visit to their uncle. AMHERST ROADS

Finds Red Clay and Swollen Streams a Tough Combi-

HE SPEAKS IN A CHURCH

Was the Standard Bearer in the Time of Stress and Should Be Supported Now.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.) AMHERST, VA., July 22.-Judge Wiliam H. Mann drove twenty miles over the very worst of Amherst roads and hrough a terrific rain-storm to make a speech at a big picnic given in his honor at Pleasant View, in this county, to-day Mr. J. D. Eggleston, Jr., candidate for also drove to the same meeting, but did not have an opportunity to speak.

The mountain streams were considerably swollen, and in one instance the newspaper man of the crowd had to climb out of the buggy in water up to his waist to pull a log from between the wheels of the buggy, which had been

jammed there as it floated down the enraged stream.

The crowd, which Judge Mann found eating dinner, was a large one for such an inclement day. As there was no other place found which would hold the crowd, the speaking took place in the church. The chalpman of the meeting first nisked' if any one present objected. No objection being heard, the church was used for the purpose.

Judge Mann was introduced by Captain R. P. Bubank. He began by saying that as he wished to speak principally about a moral question, there was no reason why he should not speak in a church, though he was opposed to holding political meetings in churches.

After hurrying over the subjects of roads and education, Judge Mann took up the issue of the Mann bill, to which he devoted over half of his speech.

He said that he had taken up the temperance fight before the Legislature at a time when he thought that the saloon of the legislature at a time when he thought that the legislature

time when he thought that the saloon arty, and that it would be political death o any man to oppose them in the Levie influence was dominant in the Deniceratio He had not won alone, but he had beer He had not won alone, but he had been the standard-bearer. Now, asked the judge with great effect: "What are you going to do with your standard-bearer? After you have won victory, are you going to give the standard to some other man?

He then ortificised the slience of Mr.

wanson and Willard on the issue of the

Mann bill.

He referred to the fact that the Mann bill had closed up 80 saloons, and at the same time had increased the revenues of the State \$205,000.

He asserted that there was an organized movement on foot in this State to have

movement on foot in this State to have the Mann bill repealed at the next session of the Legislature, and he appealed to those who advocated it to stand by him. This organization was secret, but powerful in its workings.

He said that The Times-Dispatch had cartooned him as holding his baby and not recognizing it, but he said that the great moral principle which was embodied in the Mann bill when it was drawn was there when it was passed, and he bodied in the Mann bill when it was drawn was there when it was passed, and he said that he was the proper one to nurse his own haby of but two years of age.

Judge Mann took well with the crowd, quite a large per cent, of which was ladies. It was interspersed with humorous hints at his opponents and entertaining tokes.

## STORY OF JOHN PAUL, WRITTEN BY HIMSELF

Translation of the French Manuscript Left By the Great Sea Fighter, Whose Remains Are Now Being Taken to Annapolis.

The discovery of the remains of John Paul Jones attracts attention to the bistory of this remarkable man, commonly declared to be the founder of the American navy. Notblet that could be written about blim at this time, however, is as interesting as what he has written of himself.

The Weekly Resister, of Baltimore, began on June 8, 1812, the publication of a narriative translated from a French manuscript witten by the great sea fighter. The Times-Dispatch will reproduce this parrative from the files of The Register. The necount wall be published in several installments, or which the first is given to-day.

several installments, or which the first is given to-day.

The Register introduced the manuscript, with the following rather remarkable sentences:

"As the time is coming as such men as Paul Jones was will come into fashion; the present is a proper sesson to make his character and conduct better known to our readers. The following interesting narrative from a Freich manuscript, written by hunself: uscript, written by himself:

useript, written by himself:

"While we condemn the author of his egotisms, we must make allowances on that account for the splendid success that attended his enterprizes and estimate his vanity by the reasons he had to be vain. Few even, perhaps, circumstanced as Paul Jones was, would have praised themselves less than he has done in this sketch, which possesses the singular merit of being substantially correct in all its parts, so far as we are informed of the matter."

### The Narrative.

The Narrative.

The narrative follows:

"At the commencement of the American war (during the year 1775) I was employed to fit out the little squadron, which the Congress had placed under Commodore Hopkins, who was appointed to the command of all the armed vessels appertaining to America; and I hoisted with my own hands the American flag on board the Alfred, which was then displayed for the first time.

"I at that time acquainted Mr. Hewes, a members of Congress, and my particular friend, with a project for seizing on the island of St. Helena, by means of our little squadron, which would infalliably have rendered us masters of the homeward-bound East India fleet; and as the Congress at that time proposed

as the Congress at that time proposed to appropriate two-thirds of the prizes to itself, they would thus have been fur-nished with the means of carrying on nished with the means of carrying on the war during several years; but an event of a more pressing nature pre-vented this scheme from being carried into execution.

"The cruelties and vexations at time exercised by Dunmore in Virginia, determined the Congress to detach the squadron against him; but Mr. Hopkina displayed neither zeal nor talent upon this occasion, and lost so much time that his squadron was frozen in the Delaware.

Visit to Bahamas.

Visit to Bahamas.

"After a delay of two months the squadron was at length disengaged and set sail for New Providence, the principal of the Bahama Islande. There we found a large quantity of artillery, mortures and other implements of wardare, of which we stood greatly in want in America; and I had the good fortune to render myself, extremely useful to the commodore, who was but little acquainted with military operation. It was to me he was indebted for the plan adopted by him when we came in sight of New Providence, and I also undertook to moor the squadron in a proper birth to execute our enterprise.

"On our return from New Providence we took two armed vessels, one of which was loaded with bombs, and fell in near Rhode Island with an English man-of-war, called the Glasgow, carrying twenty-four guns; but, notwithstanding our superiority, both in point of force and sailing, the commander-in-chief suffered her to escape, after having many men kired and wounded, both on board the Alfred and the Cobat:

"The squadron now entered the port of New London, in Connecticut, and

"The squadron now entered the port of New London, in Connecticut, and Hopkins, on receiving intelligence that the English frigate had been driven from Newport; took advantage of the darkness of the night to repair to Rhode Island.

"A council of war having dismissed th "A council of war having dismissed the capitaln of the Providence, one of the rhips of the squadon; the commodore gave me orders in writing to take command of her and to escort some troops that were proceeding from Rhode Island to New York, with a view of serving under General Washington, After this I received instructions to essort a convoy of artillery from Rhode Island to New York, for the defense for which it was destined. On this occasion I had two different engagements with the Cerberus frignte; the first for the protection of the vessels under my command, and the second for the preservation from St. Domingo, laden with naval stores for the congress. In the course of my service between Boston and New York I had also many actions with ships of war under the command of Lord Howe; but on these as on former occasions, I was enabled to preserve my conveys, and I at length arrived safe in Delaware, August 1, 1776.

The second control of the wound in Mr. Some ever threat he could not be interviewed. But prepared a written extension of the second control of the second

day, where I destroyed the fisheries and

Took Sixteen Prizes.

Took Sixteen Prizes.

"After this I set sail for the Madame, where I made two descents at the same time, destroying all the fisheries and burning all the vessels I could not carry kway with me. Having accomplished this, I returned to Rhode Island, after an absence of six weeks and five days from the Delaware. During this interval I had taken sixteen prizes, without including those destroyed.

"The commander-in-chief, who had remained all this time in harbor, now adopted a plan proposed by me, and which consisted—

which consisted-

1. In the destruction of the enemy's fisheries at the Royale; and 2. Of restoring to liberty more than hirce hundred American prisoners de-

2. Of restoring to liberty more than three hundred American prisoners detained there in the coal mines.

"Three vessels were destined for this service—the Alfred, the Hampden and the Providence; but the Hampden having received considerable damage in consequence of running on a rock, could not accompany me. I, however, embarked on board the Alfred, and, taking the Providence by way of consort, I set sail, and on the 2d of November, 176, made a prize of a vessel from Liverpool, and soon after the Mellish, a large armed vessel, having two British naval officers on board and a captain belonging to the land service, with a company of soldiers. This ship was carrying ten thousand complete sets of uniform to Canada, for the army posted there, under the order of Generals Carleton and Burgore.

Canada, for the army posted there, under the order of Generals Carleton and Burgoyne.

"The Providence having now left the Alfred during the night, without the least pretext whatever, I remained afone, and that too, amd the stormy season on the enemy's coast; but, notwithstanding this, and that I was also greatily embarrassed with my prisoners. I resolved not to announce my project. I accordingly effected a descent, destroyed a transport of great value, and also burned the magazines and buildings destined for the whale and cod fisheries.

"In addition to this I took three transports and a vessel laden with ling and furs, near He Royale; these prizes were escorted by the Flora frigate, which happened to be at a small distance, but which was concealed from us by a dense fog. Having taken a privateer from Liverpool, mounting sixteen guns, in the course of the next day, I instantly returned with my prizes to the United States; but, when in the latitude of Boston, fell in with Milford frigate, which I unwillingly engaged. Toward night, however, I placed the Alfred between the enemy and my prizes, and, having given the necessary instructions to the latter to make for the nearest port, I changed my course, set up lights, and by this strategem saved the vessel I had captured, as the frigate continued in chase for me. Next, I myself was fortunate enough to escape, after a very serious action, which was not terminated until dark, and even then in a consequence of a hard gale of wind.

"Having returned to Boston Decem-

Paid Wages of Crew.

Paid Wages of Crew.

"Having returned to Boston December 10, 1776, the intelligence of the uniforms taken on board the Melish realimated the courage of the arrily under General Washington, which at that period happened to be almost destitute of clothing. Let me add, also, that this unexpected success of the affair at Trenton against the Hesslans, which took place immediately after my arrival.

"I now paid out of my own purso the wages due to the crews of the Alfred and the Providence, and lent the rest of my money to the Congress. That assembly transmitted my orders from Philadelphia, the 5th of February, to undertake a secret expedition of great importance, the design of which was to lay the Island of St. Christopher and the north side of Jamaica under contribution; after which we were attacked at Pensacola. This

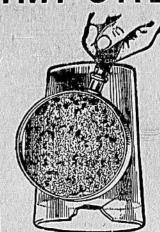
we were attacked at Pensacola. This first project was first received by me, and then communicated to Mr. Morris, afterward minister of finance; but such

afterward minister of finance; but such was the jealousy of Hopkins, the commander-in-chief, that it was never carried into execution. He was, however, soon after suspended, and then dismissed from service.

"The season being now too far advanced for the execution at the West Indies, myself and crew received orders to remove on board the Amphytrite, a French vessel, destined to sall from Portsmouth, New Hampshire, to France, whence we were to pass into Holland, and take possession of the Indienie, a large frigate, constructing there for the

# BODY OF JOHN PAUL

# IMPURE WATER



the trade-mark, the "Old Chemist," on the label, and be certain the seal over the cork is unbroken. All druggists and grocers, or direct, \$1,00 a bottle. Medical booklet free, Duffy's Malt Whiskey Co., Rochester, N. Y.

## DECLARE CASES. WM. HENRY MANN YELLOW FEVER

Physicians Make Autopsy on Popular Young Petersburger Italian Who Died in New Orleans.

### TRY TO STAMP DISEASE OUT

Norfolk and Other Cities Taking Precautions Against Infected Territory.

(By Associated Press.)

NEW ORLEANS, LA., July 22.—The official autopsy on a patient, an Italian, who died to-day of what has been called suspicious fever, has disclosed that the disease was yellow fever. President Souchon, of the State Board of Health, has notified Governor Blanchard and the health officers of Missessippi, Texas and Alabama. Arrangements have been made for a detention hospital to treat the remaining cases. Application of the same methods which were pursued at Havana is to be made, and the authorities are hopeful that the disease can be stamped out.

President Souchon sald: "It is the be-life of the Louislam State Board of Health that yellow fever existed in Bellze and Puerto Cortez for several weeks be-fore it was reported to us on May 24th, and that a case from Bellze or Puerto Cortez, in the period of incubation, was introduced here before the United States Tractice Results unitedlies advised in

introduced here before the United States Marine Hospital authorities advised is can May 24th that yellow fever existed at Belize and Cortez—that is, before we had the quarantine on.
"The passage from Belize to New Orleans is made in three and one-half days.
"During the quarantine season of 1903 and 1904 there was no report of any suspicious case from there.
"As soon as the existence of the fever was announced on May 24th no passengers

"As soon as the existence of the fever was announced on May 24th no passengers were taken by the fruit ships. Medical inspectors were placed on board of the vessels, and all other quarantine restrictions were stringently applied, but a case in the period of incubation may have already passed some time during the time the yellow fever was unreported.

"The center of infection is on Decatur Street, in the vicinity of St. Philip, among a number of Italians, who have been working on the fruit ships."

### TEACHERS EXAMINED

Thirty-One Try for Certificates. List of Those Who Passed.

List of Those Who Passed.

Mr. H. Jackson Davis, County Superintendent of Free Schools of Henrico, conducted the regular examinations for public school tenchers, from Tuesday, July 18th to Friday, July 21st, inclusive. The first two days were occupied with the white applicants, and the last two with the colored. There were thirty-one applicants in all, ten white and twenty-one selected. Those who passed were: WIIITES.

Those who passed were:

WHITES.

First grade—Miss E. V. Griffith and Miss Sailie Griffith, of Ford, Va.; Miss Grace Thorpe, of Broad Street Road, Richmond; Miss Cora Lee Hay, of 220 West Cary Street; Miss Suile C. Cleaton, Chestnut Hill, Richmond.

Second grade—Miss Mildred Brent, of 1219 Floyd Avenue, Richmond; Miss Evelyn Shirk, of Henrice county; Miss Carrle T. Oglesby, of 614 North Seventh Street, Richmond, and Miss Ida Burnett, of Henrice county.

COLORED TEACHERS.

First grade—Virginia Randolph, Emma James Randolph, Mary E. Melton, Sailie Bruce Brock, Lucy A. Jones, Lily Williams, Mary E. Dahney, Marietta Waller Layne, and W. H. Powell.

Second grade—Mary Ida, Williams, Marlott Viola Liggins, Frannie H. Vaughan, Henrietta T. Winston, Clara Dean Winston, Mailuda Hannah Ross, Bessie Tyler, C. Estelle Ford,

Third grade—Judith Frazier Jackson, Amanda Frances Gaines and Pearl Seldon,

Mr. Davis finished his work yesterday

is the Direct Cause of Typhoid, Malaria, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, the Fatal Hot Weather Complaints. Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is Prescribed by Doctors Ev. erywhere as a Sure Preventive

If you are going to the senshore or countryside for your summer vacation don't fall to take a bottle of Duffy's with you. The greater share of the summer hotels and country farmhouses depend almost entirely upon impure wells and wormmost entirely upon impure wells and wormscaten claterns for their water supply.
True, in most cases the drinking water is
filtered, but think of the millions of tiny,
minute germs which escape even the finest
screened filter and cause typhold, cholera
morbus and bowel trouble. Examine a
seemingly pure glass of drinking water
under a powerful microscope, and you will
be horrified to find the water swarming
with disease germs. Doctors of all schools

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey
In every glass of water you drink. It destroys the germs, cools the blood and strengthens the system. It is the positive cure for cramps, dysentery, sunstroke cholera morbus, congestive chills and weak stomachs. Duffy's contains no fusel oil and is the only whiskey recognized by the government as mellicine. Doctors for fifty years have used it.

CAUTION—When you set for Duffy's

# FOR CONGRESS

May Run Next Term.

NEW PLAN WORKS WELL

Democratic Committee Having Fine Success in Securing Unpaid Election Officers.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
PETERSBURG, VA., July 22,—Mr.
William Henry Mann, one of Peterscitizens, will very probably be a candidate for Congress at the next congressional election, subject to the action of the Democratic party, an announcement that has been confirmed on excellent authority. Mr. Mann is a prominent young Virginian, who has well served his city and State in responsible capaci-ties. He has represented Petersburg in the House of Delegates and succeeded Colonel John Bell Bigger as chief cierk

of that body.

Mr. Mann has also held the position

Mr. Mann has also held the position of keeper of the rolls of Virginia, and was a member of Governor Tyler's staff. He is a brother of Mr. Richard H. Mann, Commonwealth's attorney of this city, with whom for a number of years he practiced law in the well known firm of Mann & Mann.

UNPAID ELECTION OFFICERS.

The Democratic City Central Committee seems to be meeting with prompt success in its new plan, decided upon at the meeting last evening, to strive to secure for the primary election, August 22d, judges who will give their services without charge. Two well known citi-

First Ward—E. A. Bain and J. M. Saunders; Second Ward—W. C. Kevan and L. M. Green; Third Ward—T. S. Beckwith and R. O. Egerton; Fourth Ward—J. R. W. Smith, and H. F. Munt; Fifth Ward—R. R. Ramey and W. E. Trent; Sixth Ward—T. F. Kidd and D. W. Branch. This board serves for a term of one year, a recent change from the former term of two.

Bishop John C. Granberry, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, is in the city, the guest of Mr. Augustus Wright. Bishop Granberry will preach atthe Market Street Methodist Church tomorrow morning and evening, and will preside at the District Conference, which

convenes at that church Tuesday even A call for a mass meeting of republi-

cans to elect a delegate to the Rornoke State convention at Roanoke August 8th, was issued to-day by H. Clairborne Will-

State convention at Roanoko August Sth, was issued to-day by H. Clairborne Willson, Republican City Chairman.

OAKES WAREHOUSE.

The Oakes Warehouse Company, incorporated, which has recently been chartered by the Corporation Commission, and has purchased Oaks's Warehouse is practically rebuilding that old and well known tobacco market. The company has chosen two experienced to-bacco men to conduct the warehouse, T. J. Gills, as proprietor, and O. L. Shackleton, as floor manager.

The following members of the A. P. Hill Camp, Sons of Confederate Velerans, have been appointed by Commander Farleton F. Heath a committee on arrangements to assist A. P. Hill Camp of veterans in entertaining the Grand Camp here next October: John Watson, Chrisman, T. F. Parsons John Moyler, Williams T. Davis, F. W. Jones, James E. Cuthbert, R. G. Wharton, William Budd, George W. Harrison Val-Parhum, H. Carter Myer and H. L. Percival.